

NORTH CENTRAL COUNTIES CONSORTIUM  
**PROPERTY MANAGEMENT POLICY**

**Purpose**

This document establishes procedures for the management of property purchased for the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) program as well as property carried into the WIA program from the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA) program. While procedures for purchase of property are addressed in the NCCC Procurement Policy, requirements for prior approval of large purchases are included in this procedure, as well as guidance on reporting, tracking, and disposition of property that is tracked by NCCC.

**Background**

WIA succeeded JTPA on July 1, 2000, and JTPA-funded property is to be carried into the WIA program, as needed. In the event either the State of California or the federal government establishes standards more prescriptive than this procedure, the more prescriptive state or federal standards shall apply.

**References**

- WIADO3-9, Property– Prior Approval, Purchasing, Inventory and Disposal
- NCCC Administrative Policy No. 03: Procurement Policy
- WSD 12-10, Subject: Procurement
- WIAD03-10, Subject: Allowable Costs
- Title 20 CFR 667.400, Responsibility for Oversight and Monitoring
- Title 29 CFR Part 97, Sec. 97.32, 97.33, 97.36 and 97.42
- Federal Register Notice on Resource Sharing for WIA One-Stop Centers, 6/27/00 (U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration)

**Definitions**

Several terms used in this procedure are defined in federal guidance, particularly federal regulations at 29 CFR Part 97. Some definitions are NCCC definitions for purposes of defining and managing property in NCCC. Definitions for NCCC property management are:

*Acquisition Cost or Original Purchase Price or Cost* – monetary value for an item including sales tax and costs (with sales tax) of any integral components, add-ons, or upgrades of an item. This does not include shipping or installation costs or cabling, etc.

*Equipment* – tangible, non-expendable personal property having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit.

*Expendable Property* – supplies, furnishings, tools, and equipment, etc., with an original purchase price under \$5,000 per item.

*Non-Expendable Property* – property with an original purchase price of \$5,000 or more per item, including JTPA-transferred property.

*Real Property* – land, including land improvements, structures, and appurtenances thereto, but excluding moveable machinery and equipment.

## **POLICY**

### A. Property Procurement

Property shall be procured in accordance with the NCCC Procurement Policy. Property must be used by the acquiring entity in the program or project for which it was acquired. The purchase must be a reasonable cost and necessary for the program(s), with a sufficient audit trail.

### B. Prior Approval

#### **Real Property:**

Purchase of real property with any WIA funds is not allowable.

#### **Non-Expendable Property:**

Prior approval is required from the NCCC and the State of California to direct charge the WIA funds account for non-expendable property purchases (\$5,000 or more), including software. The approval process is as follows:

1. Complete and submit to NCCC a “Request for Approval to Charge WIA Funds for the Cost of Property” form (attached to this policy).
2. NCCC will forward the Request to the State of California Workforce Services Division for consideration.
3. After State review and decision, an approval or disapproval letter will be issued to the requesting agency.

If an approval letter is issued, the WIA funds account may be charged for the purchase. If the request is not approved and property is charged, the entity may incur a disallowed cost.

#### **Expendable Property:**

There is no requirement for prior approval of purchase for expendable property.

C. Title to Property

Title to WIA or JTPA funded, non-expendable property, with an acquisition cost \$5,000 or more, vests with NCCC. Title to property with an acquisition cost less than \$5,000 remains with the purchasing agency.

D. Property Acquisition, Reporting and Inventory

**1. Audit Trail**

An audit trail shall be maintained showing the acquisition and disposition of all non-expendable property. An audit trail shall also be maintained for expendable property and supplies. The NCCC Records Retention Policy applies to records of JTPA and WIA property purchases, use, and disposition.

**2. Reporting Purchases of Non-Expendable Property and Inventory Tagging**

Upon receipt of both the item(s) and the invoice(s) from the purchase of non-expendable property, the agency shall verify that items purchased are received in good condition, and shall then write clearly on the invoice(s), if not already listed, the serial numbers of the items purchased. The agency is to retain this original invoice, and a copy is to be sent to the NCCC property manager. NCCC, upon receipt of property invoices, will send inventory tags for the non-expendable property identified on the invoices, and agency staff shall tag the items as instructed by NCCC.

**3. Inventory of Non-Expendable Property**

Subcontracting agencies shall conduct an annual physical inventory of all WIA and JTPA funded non-expendable property purchased by or transferred to the agency. The physical inventory shall include purchases through the end of the recently completed program year. On-site monitoring visits will be conducted by NCCC to ensure the accuracy of the service providers' inventory. The following information shall be shown on the inventory list:

- a) Date of Inventory
- b) Agency Name
- c) Description of the Item
- d) Manufacturer's Name
- e) Model
- f) Serial Number
- g) Acquisition Date
- h) Acquisition Cost (does not include tax, installation, or shipping costs)

- i) NCCC Share of Cost
- j) NCCC Inventory Tag Number
- k) Physical Location
- l) Condition
- m) Disposition Data as Listed Below:
  - 1) date of disposal
  - 2) sale price (if any)
  - 3) disposition method ( i.e. lost, theft, sold, donated, discarded, etc.)
  - 4) method of determination for the fair market value (i.e. appraisal, E-Bay, Kelley Blue Book, etc.)
  - 5) condition of item at time of disposal (i.e. fair, poor, etc.)

I. Lost, Stolen, or Damaged Non-Expendable Property

Lost, stolen, or damaged, non-expendable property shall be reported to NCCC. If theft is suspected, a police report should be requested and a copy sent to NCCC, along with a cover letter explaining the loss. Damage to non-expendable property shall also be reported in writing. A control system to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, theft, or damage to property must be implemented at each NCCC subcontractor.

J. Property Disposition

1. Property valued \$5,000 or more:

If the equipment's fair market value at the time of disposal is \$5,000 or more, prior approval for disposition is required from NCCC. Fair market value should be determined by a vendor of similar property, an appraiser or other legitimate, outside source, including real-time internet search such as E-Bay or Kelley Blue Book. A certification of the property's value by the outside source must be documented and provided to NCCC. Proceeds from the sale or disposition must be returned to the state per WID03-9.

2. Property valued under \$5,000:

If the equipment's fair market value at the time of disposal is less than \$5,000, prior approval from NCCC for disposition is not required. The equipment may be sold, donated, or disposed of at the agency's discretion. Fair market value must be determined by a vendor of similar property, an appraiser or other legitimate, outside source, including real-time internet search such as E-Bay or Kelley Blue Book. A certification of the property's value by the outside source must be documented and provided to NCCC including the item description, NCCC tag number, disposal date, condition at time of disposal and the disposition method. Proceeds from the sale or disposition may be retained by the service provider for any reasonable purpose in support of the goals of the WIA programs. Service providers must provide documentation that the proceeds have been allocated to the WIA program upon request.

K. Shared Use

When an entity plans to enter into a “cost sharing” agreement for the purchase of property with a per unit purchase price of \$5,000 or more, they must obtain prior approval no matter the portion they plan to contribute. This is based upon direct guidance from the Department of Labor (DOL).

Property costs benefiting multiple WIA programs, cost categories, or non-WIA programs, including mandatory One-Stop career center partners, shall be allocated equitably using a reasonable cost allocation procedure or shared use plan. (Refer to U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration Notice, 6/27/00, titled “Resource Sharing for Workforce Investment Act One-Stop Centers: Methodologies for Paying or Funding Each Partner Program’s Fair Share of Allocable One-Stop Costs”.)

**REQUEST FOR APPROVAL TO CHARGE WIA FUNDS  
FOR THE COST OF PROPERTY**

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

SUBRECIPIENT NAME \_\_\_\_\_

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TO BE PURCHASED WITH WIA FUNDS \_\_\_\_\_

ESTIMATED TOTAL COST OF PURCHASE \_\_\_\_\_

REASON(S) FOR THE PROPERTY PURCHASE

DESCRIBE LEASE OPTION OR PROPERTY SHARING CONSIDERATIONS

COSTS (MAINTENANCE, SET UP, ETC.) ASSOCIATED WITH THE PURCHASE

NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE ENTITY WHERE THE PROPERTY WILL BE LOCATED

\_\_\_\_\_  
AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE  
(PLEASE PRINT)

\_\_\_\_\_  
SIGNATURE

DATE SIGNED \_\_\_\_\_